

CONTAINER DEVICE DESIGNED FOR THE SAFE TRANSPORT OF BIOMACROMOLECULES

Patent Application Number: MX/a /2016/008614 (Status: patent pending)



BACKGROUND

The biological systems exhibit metastability, which is a long time weakly stable thermodynamic equilibrium state in the between the constituent bonds elements of polymers such as DNA, RNA and proteins. When these samples are transported, it is very necessary to take care of the transport conditions in order to preserve their structure and physicochemical properties.

The Dewar vessel is a container designed to provide thermal insulation and reduce heat losses by conduction, convection or radiation. It has been widely used to isolate, protect and transport samples but its construction makes it very sensitive to the blows and overpressures on the outside of the container.

There are other options, like the containers made of thermoplastic polymers, but these do not avoid external disturbances like the Dewar container.

The other attempts of isolation and transportation systems are not designed for materials that need to avoid the temperature changes and external disturbances, in order to maintain their stability, for example, protein crystals and other huge amount of biological samples of macromolecules.

Dewar's advantages Dewar's Disadvantages

Facilitates × Fragile.

× High construction

× Not so easy to

due to bad

manipulation.

cost.

handle

- transportation. Protects the samples at low
- temperature. Isolates the system × Loss of isolation
- from vibrations, agitations,
- oscillations etc. Ensures the
- sample's thermodynamic
 - stability.

ABSTRACT

This invention is a useful container device that protects biological materials

during their transport by land, sea or air. Its design and technology prevent biomacromolecules. The device is able to keep samples isolated even on long intercontinental trips.

STAGE OF RESEARCH

The researchers have designed and developed a device capable of isolating biological macromolecules from external perturbations.

The design, as showed below, includes a container with holes in which a glass tube (NMR tube) is inserted, and into which the capillary tubes are placed with the biological samples. It has a closed system that prevents spills or leaks.

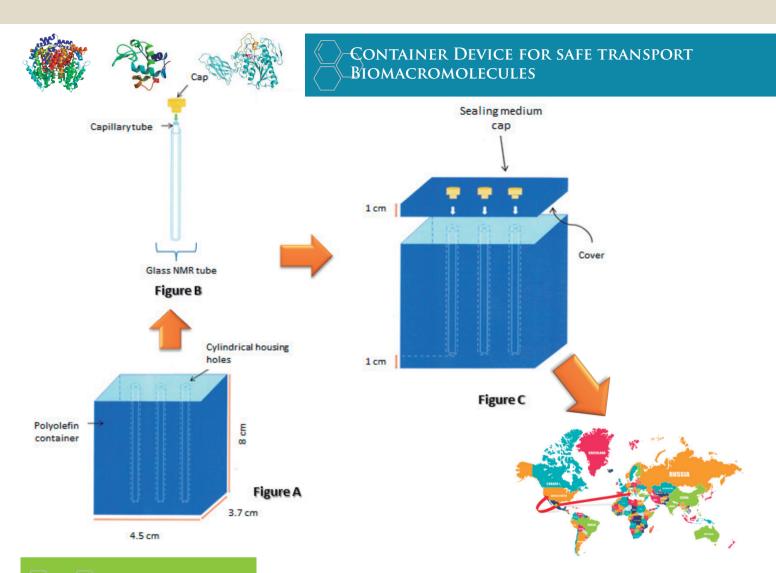
In addition, an insulating gel is added to the container in which these capillaries are immersed or inserted. This gel, allows to completely isolate the sample from external disturbances.

This device has been successfully tested with protein crystals:

- ©Lipases have been used as a thermal sensor since their crystals dissolve when there are changes in their crystallization temperature (which is 18 ° C and variations within a range of \pm 2 ° C can affect them considerably). In intercontinental trips, with changes in atmospheric pressure and temperature, it has been possible to verify that the lipase remains in crystalline phase unchanged when transported with this device.
- Samples of glucose isomerase and lysozyme were transported in this device to two different synchrotons, each located in Trieste, Italy (Elettra) and SLAC in Stanford, California, USA. In both cases the crystals diffracted X-rays at a very high resolution, which implies that there was no structural damage in the transport.

APPLICATIONS

in temperature and / or external disturbances. A very useful application is for those people who use synchrotrons.



PROTECTED MATERIALS

- Siological macromolecules
- Proteins
- Crystallized proteins
- Crystalline compounds
- Cocrystals polymorphs
- Hydrated polymorphs
- Solvated polymorphs
- Salts
- Powders
- Powdered proteins
- and / or materials sensitive to changes in temperature.

ADVANTAGES

The materials and design of this device isolates the sample from external changes. The main container is made of polyolefin, which is useful and suitable for material transport and protection devices because it allows thermal insulation, avoids external disturbances, such as vibrations, agitation, blows or oscillations that affect thermodynamic stability of the sample, preventing it from losing its properties, especially those that have to do with its solid state, such as crystals.

Moreover the gel, in which the capillaries are submerged or inserted, will isolate the sample transported from external disturbances such as vibrations, shaking, shocks and / or oscillations, as well as temperature changes.

To summarize, this device:

- Protects against temperature and pressure changes.
- Avoids external disturbances (vibrations, agitation, shaking, oscillations, etc.)
- Practical device.
- C Easy to handle.
- O Designed (but not limited to) for biomacromolecules transport.